

---

# Higgs mode and conductivity in the vicinity of a quantum critical point

Félix Rose<sup>\*1</sup>, Nicolas Dupuis<sup>1</sup>, and Frédéric Léonard<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Laboratoire de Physique Théorique de la Matière Condensée (LPTMC) – CNRS : UMR7600, Université Pierre et Marie Curie (UPMC) - Paris VI – LPTMC, Tour 24, Boîte 121, 4, Place Jussieu, 75252 Paris Cedex 05, France, France

## Abstract

Relativistic quantum field theories with  $O(N)$  symmetries play an important role in describing the low-energy sector of several condensed matter systems in the vicinity of a quantum phase transition. Using non perturbative RG techniques, we study zero temperature dynamical properties of  $O(N)$  field theory in two space dimensions.

We investigate the excitation spectrum of the model and show that there is a well-defined "Higgs" amplitude mode in the ordered phase near criticality for  $N = 2$  and  $3$ . In addition, we compute the conductivity at low frequencies and determine its universal properties. Based on our results, we conjecture that one of the components of the conductivity in the ordered phase is a "superuniversal" number and depends neither on the distance to the critical point nor on  $N$ .

References:

F. Rose, F. Léonard, and N. Dupuis, "Higgs amplitude mode in the vicinity of a  $(2 + 1)$ -dimensional quantum critical point: A nonperturbative renormalization-group approach," *Phys. Rev. B* **91**, 224501 (2015), arXiv:1503.08688.

F. Rose and N. Dupuis, "Nonperturbative functional renormalization-group approach to transport in the vicinity of a  $(2+1)$ -dimensional  $O(N)$ -symmetric quantum critical point," arXiv:1610.06476.

---

<sup>\*</sup>Speaker